IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): An image coding/decoding method in which an image coding apparatus sends coded information which is obtained by coding an original image to an image decoding apparatus and said image decoding apparatus decodes said coded information to obtain a reproduced image, said image coding apparatus performing the steps of:

extracting edge information which is binary information representing an edge part of said original image;

obtaining density information of an edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image from said original image by ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening said edge part using said edge information;

obtaining coded edge information by coding said edge information according to a first coding algorithm;

obtaining coded density information by coding said density information of said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image according to a second coding algorithm;

sending said coded edge information and said coded density information as said coded information to said image decoding apparatus; and

said image decoding apparatus performing the steps of:

obtaining said edge information by decoding said coded edge information according to a first decoding algorithm corresponding to said first coding algorithm;

obtaining said density information of said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image by decoding said coded density information according to a second decoding algorithm corresponding to said second coding algorithm;

obtaining said reproduced image from said density information of said edge ~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image by ~~sharpening~~ <u>restoring</u> said edge part of said edge ~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image by using said edge information;

wherein said second coding algorithm and said second decoding algorithm are based on a standard coding method using a discrete cosine transform.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): The image coding/decoding method as claimed in claim 1, said image coding apparatus ~~smoothing~~ <u>unsharpening</u> said edge part by performing, while scanning said original image pixel by pixel, the steps of:

performing first matrix operation by using a first block density information vector and a ~~smoothing~~ <u>unsharpening</u> matrix, wherein said first block density information vector is obtained by arranging density information of each pixel included in a first block, said first block includes a pixel in said edge part or in a near region of said edge part and includes pixels in a surrounding region around said pixel, and order of said first block density information vector corresponds to the number of pixels in said first block, and wherein said ~~smoothing~~ <u>unsharpening</u> matrix includes coefficients used for edge ~~smoothing~~ <u>unsharpening</u> which operate on density information of each pixel in said first block;

obtaining ~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> density information of each pixel by overlaying density information of each pixel in said first block obtained by performing said first matrix operation on each pixel while scanning said original image pixel by pixel.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): The image coding/decoding method as claimed in claim 2, said image decoding apparatus ~~sharpening~~ <u>restoring</u> said edge part of said edge ~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image by performing, while scanning said edge ~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image pixel by pixel, the steps of:

performing second matrix operation by using a second block density information

vector and a ~~sharpening~~ <u>restoring</u> matrix which is an inverse matrix of said ~~smoothing~~

<u>unsharpening</u> matrix, wherein said second block density information vector is obtained by

arranging density information of each pixel included in a second block, said second block

includes a pixel in said edge part or in a near region of said edge part and pixels in said

surrounding region, and order of said second block density information vector corresponds to

the number of pixels in said second block; and

obtaining ~~sharpened~~ <u>restored</u> density information of each pixel by overlaying density

information of each pixel in said second block obtained by performing said second matrix

operation on each pixel while scanning said edge ~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image pixel by

pixel.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): The image coding/decoding method as claimed in

claim 1, said image coding apparatus ~~smoothing~~ <u>unsharpening</u> said edge part by performing

the steps of:

obtaining density information x' of a pixel of said edge part of said edge ~~smoothed~~

<u>unsharpened</u> image according to a first equation x'=(1-λ)x+λC, wherein λ is a positive

constant, x is density information of said pixel of said original image, and C is surrounding

density information representing density state of a surrounding region of said pixel.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): The image coding/decoding method as claimed in

claim 4, said image decoding apparatus ~~sharpening~~ <u>restoring</u> said edge part of said edge

~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image by using a predetermined equation according to a steepest-

descent method, said predetermined equation being defined on the basis of the relationship

between said density information x' formulated by said first equation and ~~sharpened~~ restored

density information.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended): The image coding/decoding method as claimed in

claim 5, wherein said predetermined equation is $e(X) = \left(X + \dfrac{1}{1-\lambda}(\lambda C(n) - x') \right)^2$ in which

C(n) is said surrounding density information for a pixel having density information x' and n

is a repetition count number, and a value of X which minimizes e(X) is obtained by said

steepest-descent method and said value of X becomes density information of a pixel after

~~sharpened~~ restored.

Claim 7 (Original): The image coding/decoding method as claimed in claim 6,

wherein, in a process according to said steepest-descent method, X is obtained as a

convergence value of a recurrence formula $X(n+1) = X(n) - G * \dfrac{\delta e}{\delta X}$, wherein G is a

constant.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): An image coding apparatus comprising:

an edge extracting part for extracting edge information which is binary information

representing an edge part of an original image;

an edge ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening part for obtaining density information of an edge

~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image from said original image by ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening said edge

part using said edge information;

a first coding part for obtaining coded edge information by coding said edge

information according to a first coding algorithm;

a second coding part for obtaining coded density information by coding said density information of said edge ~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image according to a second coding algorithm;

wherein said coded edge information and said coded density information are coded information of said original image, and wherein said second coding algorithm is based on a standard coding method using a discrete cosine transform.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): The image coding apparatus as claimed in claim 8, said edge ~~smoothing~~ <u>unsharpening</u> part including a density information correction part for correcting density information of each pixel such that variation of density levels represented by density information of pixels which are arranged across said edge part in a near region of said edge part of said original image is lowered.

Claim 10 (Original): The image coding apparatus as claimed in claim 9, said density information correction part comprising:

a mean value calculation part for calculating a mean value of said density levels in a predetermined region; and

a density level judgement part for judging whether said density level of a pixel is higher or lower than said mean value for each pixel in said near region;

wherein density information is corrected for a pixel in which said density level is higher than said mean value such that said density level is lowered, and density information is corrected for a pixel in which said density level is lower than said mean value such that said density level is increased.

Claim 11 (Original): The image coding apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein said density information correction part corrects density information of each pixel in said near region such that said mean value of said density levels does not change.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended): The image coding apparatus as claimed in claim 8, said edge ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening part comprising:

a ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening matrix generation part for generating, for each block which includes said edge part or a near region of said edge part, a ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening matrix which is used for matrix operation with a block density information vector, wherein said block density information vector is obtained by arranging density information of each pixel included in a block, and order of said block density information vector corresponds to the number of pixels in said block, and wherein said ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening matrix includes coefficients used for edge ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening which operate on density information of each pixel in said edge part or in said near region in said block; and

a matrix operation part for obtaining ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened density information of each pixel in said block by performing matrix operation by using said ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening matrix and said block density information vector.

Claim 13 (Currently Amended): The image coding apparatus as claimed in claim 8, said edge ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening part comprising:

a pixel judgement part for judging whether a pixel exists in said edge part or in a near region of said edge part while scanning said original image pixel by pixel;

a matrix operation part for performing, when said pixel exists in said edge part or in said near region, matrix operation by using a block density information vector and a ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening matrix, wherein said block density information vector is obtained by

arranging density information of each pixel included in a block, said block includes said pixel and pixels in a surrounding region around said pixel, and order of said block density information vector corresponds to the number of pixels in said block, and wherein said ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening matrix includes coefficients used for edge ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening which operate on density information of each pixel in said block;

an operation part for obtaining ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened density information of each pixel by overlaying density information of each pixel in said block obtained by performing said matrix operation on each pixel while scanning said original image pixel by pixel.

Claim 14 (Original): The image coding apparatus as claimed in claim 13, said pixel judgement part comprising:

a distance conversion part for generating distance information representing distances between said edge part and each pixel; and

a distance judgment part for judging whether said distance information for each pixel is equal to or smaller than a predetermined value;

wherein, when said distance information is judged to be equal to or smaller than said predetermined value, it is judged that a pixel corresponding to said distance information exists in said edge part or in said near region.

Claim 15 (Currently Amended): The image coding apparatus as claimed in claim 8, wherein said edge ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening part obtains density information x' of a pixel of said edge part of said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image according to an equation x'=(1-λ)x+λC, wherein λ is a positive constant, x is density information of said pixel of said edge part of said original image, and C is surrounding density information representing density state of a surrounding region of said pixel.

Claim 16 (Currently Amended): An image decoding apparatus which decodes coded information which includes coded edge information representing an edge part of an original image and coded density information representing an edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image, said image decoding apparatus comprising:

a first decoding part for obtaining edge information which is binary information representing said edge part by decoding said coded edge information according to a first decoding algorithm;

a second decoding part for obtaining density information of said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image by decoding said coded density information according to a second decoding algorithm;

an edge ~~sharpening~~ restoring part for ~~sharpening~~ restoring said edge part of said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image by using said edge information such that a reproduced image is obtained,

wherein said second decoding algorithm is based on a standard coding method using a discrete cosine transform.

Claim 17 (Currently Amended): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim 16, said edge ~~sharpening~~ restoring part including a density information correction part for correcting density information of each pixel of said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image such that variation of density levels represented by density information of pixels which are arranged across said edge part in a near region of said edge part of said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image is increased.

Claim 18 (Original): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim 17, said density information correction part comprising:

a mean value calculation part for calculating a mean value of said density levels in a predetermined region; and

a density level judgement part for judging whether said density level of a pixel is higher or lower than said mean value for each pixel in said near region;

wherein density information is corrected for a pixel in which said density level is higher than said mean value such that said density level is increased, and density information is corrected for a pixel in which said density level is lower than said mean value such that said density level is lowered.

Claim 19 (Original): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim 18, wherein said density information correction part corrects density information of each pixel in said near region such that said mean value of said density levels does not change.

Claim 20 (Currently Amended): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim 16, said edge ~~sharpening~~ restoring part comprising:

a ~~sharpening~~ restoring matrix generation part for generating, for each block said edge part or a near region of said edge part in said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image, a ~~sharpening~~ restoring matrix which is used for matrix operation with a block density information vector, wherein said block density information vector is obtained by arranging density information of each pixel included in a block, and order of said block density information vector corresponds to the number of pixels in said block, and wherein said ~~sharpening~~ restoring matrix includes coefficients used for edge ~~sharpening~~ restoring which

operate on density information of each pixel in said edge part or in a near region of said edge part in said block; and

a matrix operation part for obtaining ~~sharpened~~ restored density information of each pixel in said block by performing said matrix operation by using said ~~sharpening~~ restoring matrix and said block density information vector.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim 20, wherein said ~~sharpening~~ restoring matrix generation part generates an inverse matrix of a ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening matrix as said ~~sharpening~~ restoring matrix in which said ~~smoothing~~ unsharpening matrix is used for obtaining density information of said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image which is decoded from said coded density information.

Claim 22 (Currently Amended): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim 16, said edge ~~sharpening~~ restoring part comprising:

a pixel judgement part for judging whether a pixel exists in said edge part represented by said edge information or in a near region of said edge part while scanning said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image pixel by pixel;

a matrix operation part for performing, when said pixel exists in said edge part or in said near region, matrix operation by using a block density information vector and a ~~sharpening~~ restoring matrix, wherein said block density information vector is obtained by arranging density information of each pixel included in a block, said block includes said pixel and pixels in a surrounding region around said pixel, and order of said block density information vector corresponds to the number of pixels in said block, and wherein said ~~sharpening~~ restoring matrix includes coefficients used for edge ~~sharpening~~ restoring which operate on density information of each pixel in said block;

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an operation part for obtaining ~~sharpened~~ <u>restored</u> density information of each pixel

by overlaying density information of each pixel in said block obtained by performing said

matrix operation on each pixel while scanning said edge ~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image pixel

by pixel.

Claim 23 (Currently Amended): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim

22, said pixel judgement part comprising:

a distance conversion part for generating distance information representing distances

between said edge part and each pixel; and

a distance judgment part for judging whether said distance information for each pixel

is equal to or smaller than a predetermined value;

wherein, when said distance information is judged to be equal to or smaller than said

predetermined value, it is judged that a pixel corresponding to said distance information

exists in said edge part or in said near region said edge ~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image.

Claim 24 (Currently Amended): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim

22, wherein said ~~sharpening~~ <u>restoring</u> matrix is an inverse matrix of a ~~smoothing~~

<u>unsharpening</u> matrix in which said ~~smoothing~~ <u>unsharpening</u> matrix is used for obtaining

density information of said edge ~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image which is decoded from said

coded density information.

Claim 25 (Currently Amended): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim

16, wherein said edge ~~sharpening~~ <u>restoring</u> part ~~sharpens~~ <u>restores</u> said edge part of said edge

~~smoothed~~ <u>unsharpened</u> image by using a predetermined equation according to a steepest-

descent method, said predetermined equation being defined on the basis of the relationship

between density information x' of a pixel of said edge part of said edge ~~smoothed~~ unsharpened image and ~~sharpened~~ restored density information, wherein said density information x' is formulated by a first equation x'=(1-λ)x+λC, wherein λ is a positive constant, x is density information of said pixel of said original image, and C is surrounding density information representing density state of a surrounding region of said pixel.

Claim 26 (Currently Amended): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim 25, wherein said predetermined equation is $e(X) = \left(X + \dfrac{1}{1-\lambda}(\lambda C(n) - x') \right)^2$ in which C(n) is said surrounding density information for a pixel having density information x' and n is a repetition count number, and a value of X which minimizes e(X) is obtained by said steepest-descent method and said value of X becomes density information of a pixel after ~~sharpened~~ restored.

Claim 27 (Original): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim 26, wherein, in a process according to said steepest-descent method, X is obtained as a convergence value of a recurrence formula $X(n+1) = X(n) - G * \dfrac{\delta e}{\delta X}$, wherein G is a constant.

Claim 28 (Currently Amended): An image decoding apparatus which decodes coded information of an image, said image decoding apparatus comprising:

an edge information obtaining part for obtaining edge information which is binary information representing an edge part of said image;

a decoding part for obtaining density information of said image by decoding said coded information according to a predetermined decoding algorithm;

an edge ~~sharpening~~ restoring part for ~~sharpening~~ restoring said edge part by using said edge information for said density information of said image such that a reproduced image is obtained,

wherein said predetermined decoding algorithm is based on a standard coding method using a discrete cosine transform.

Claim 29 (Original): The image decoding apparatus as claimed in claim 28, said edge information obtaining part comprising an edge decoding part for obtaining said edge information by decoding coded edge information which is provided to said image decoding apparatus according to a predetermined decoding algorithm.